



# REPLACEMENT SHEET

FIG. 1

## System Architecture

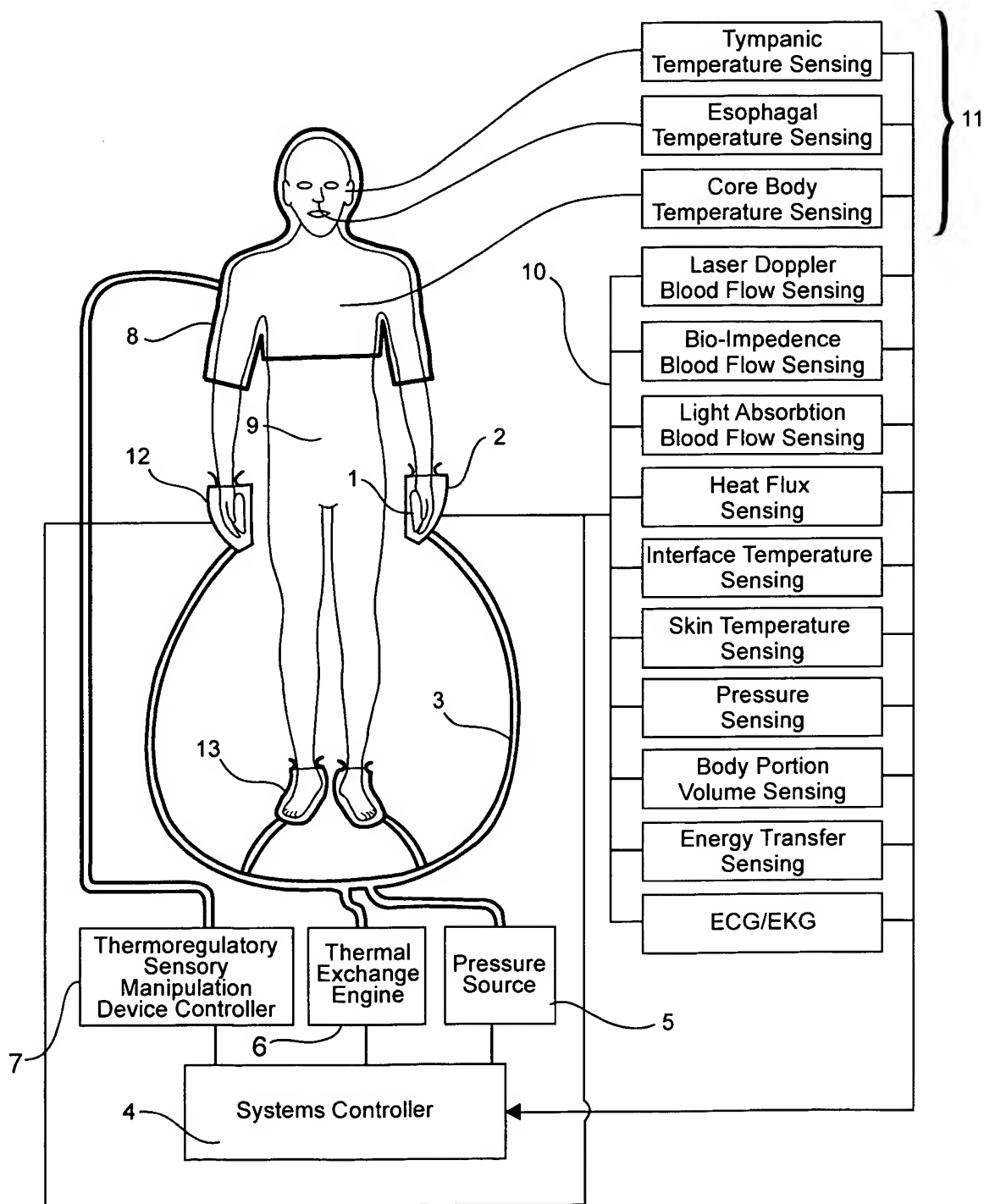
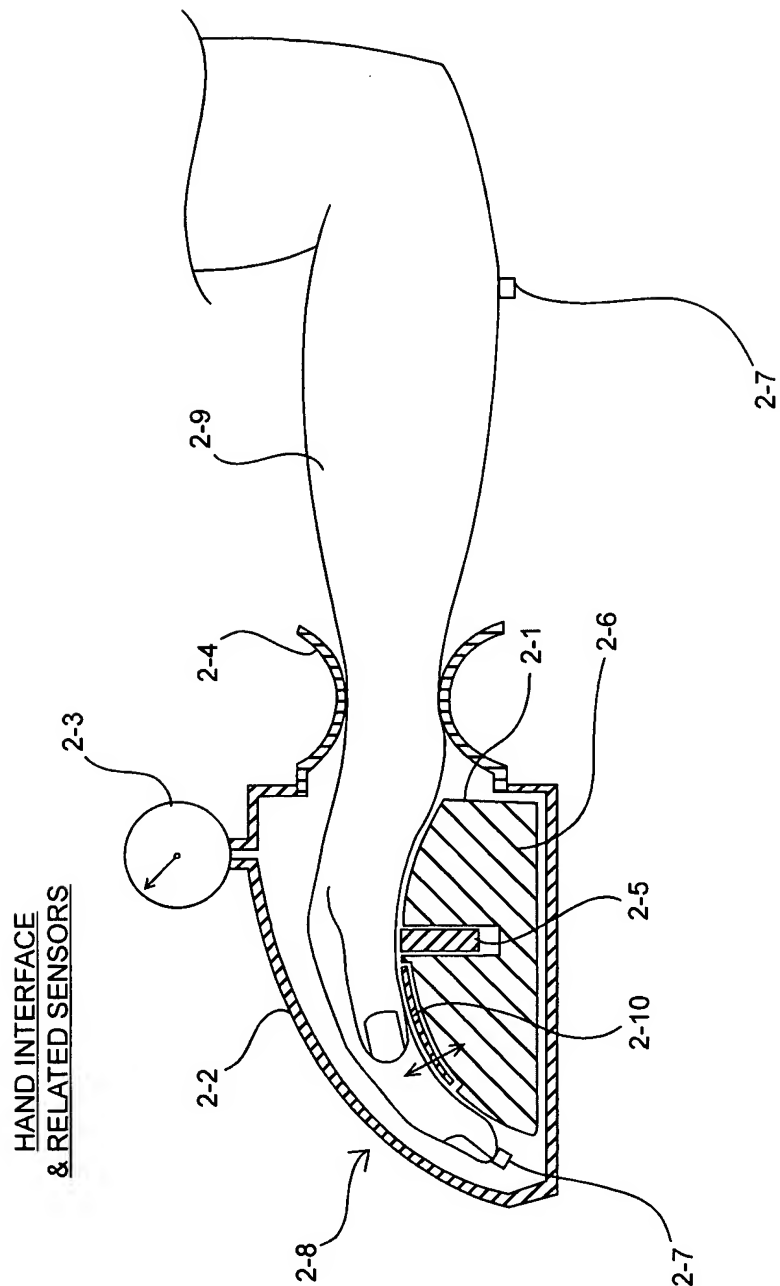


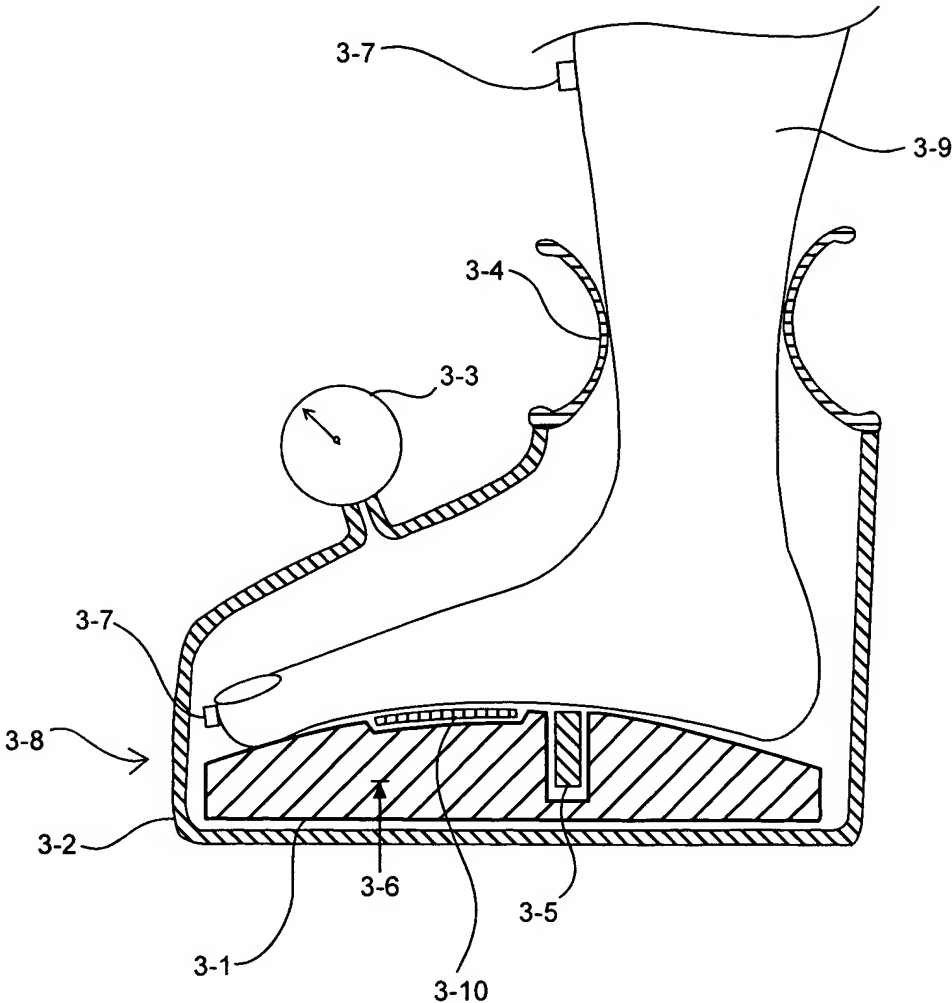
FIG. 2



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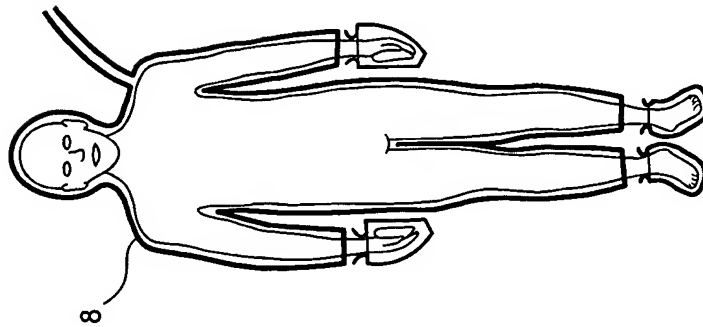
FIG. 3

FOOT INTERFACE  
& RELATED SENSORS

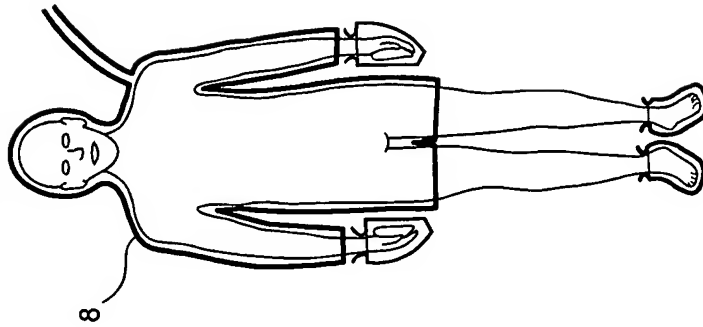


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**FIG. 4A**  
THE ENTIRE SKIN SURFACE

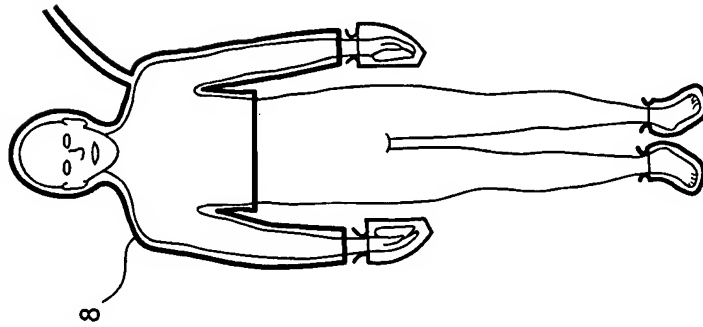


**FIG. 4B**  
HEAD, SHOULDERS, CHEST, BACK,  
TORSO AND ARMS

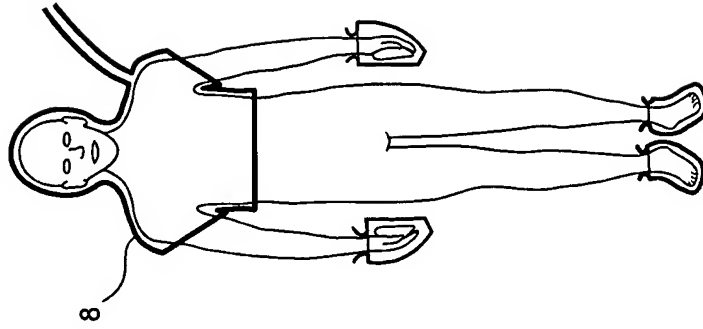


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**FIG. 4C**  
HEAD, SHOULDERS, CHEST, BACK  
AND ARMS

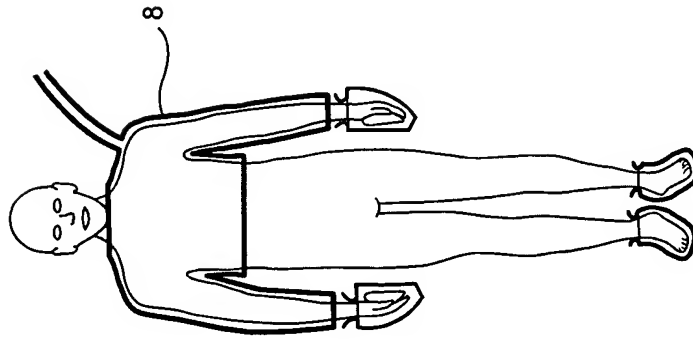


**FIG. 4D**  
HEAD, SHOULDERS, CHEST AND BACK

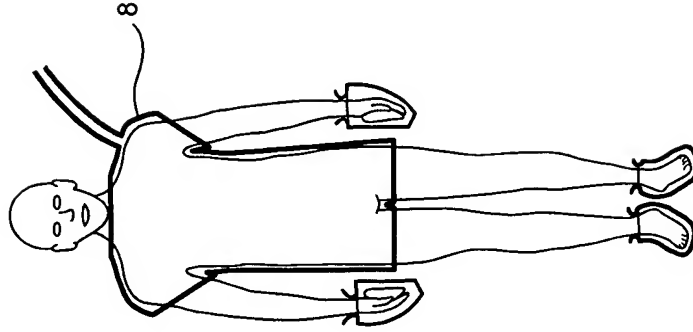


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**FIG. 4E**  
SHOULDERS, CHEST, BACK  
AND ARMS



**FIG. 4F**  
SHOULDERS, CHEST, BACK AND TORSO



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FIG. 4H  
TORSO AND LEGS

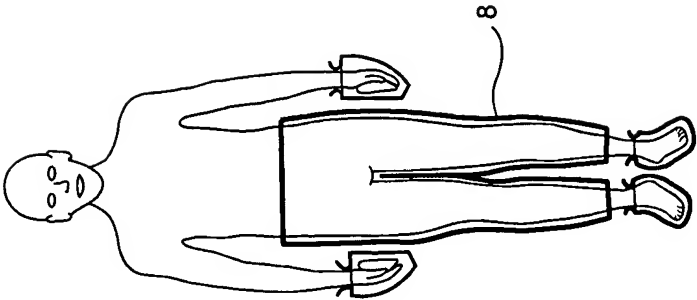
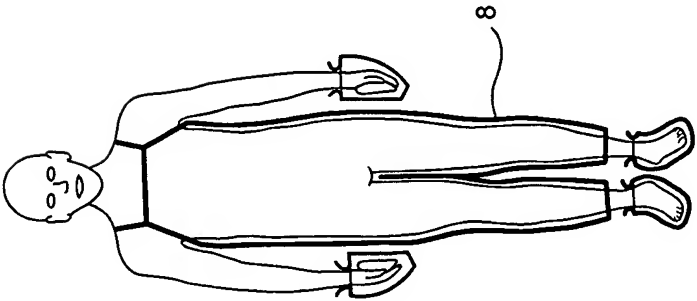


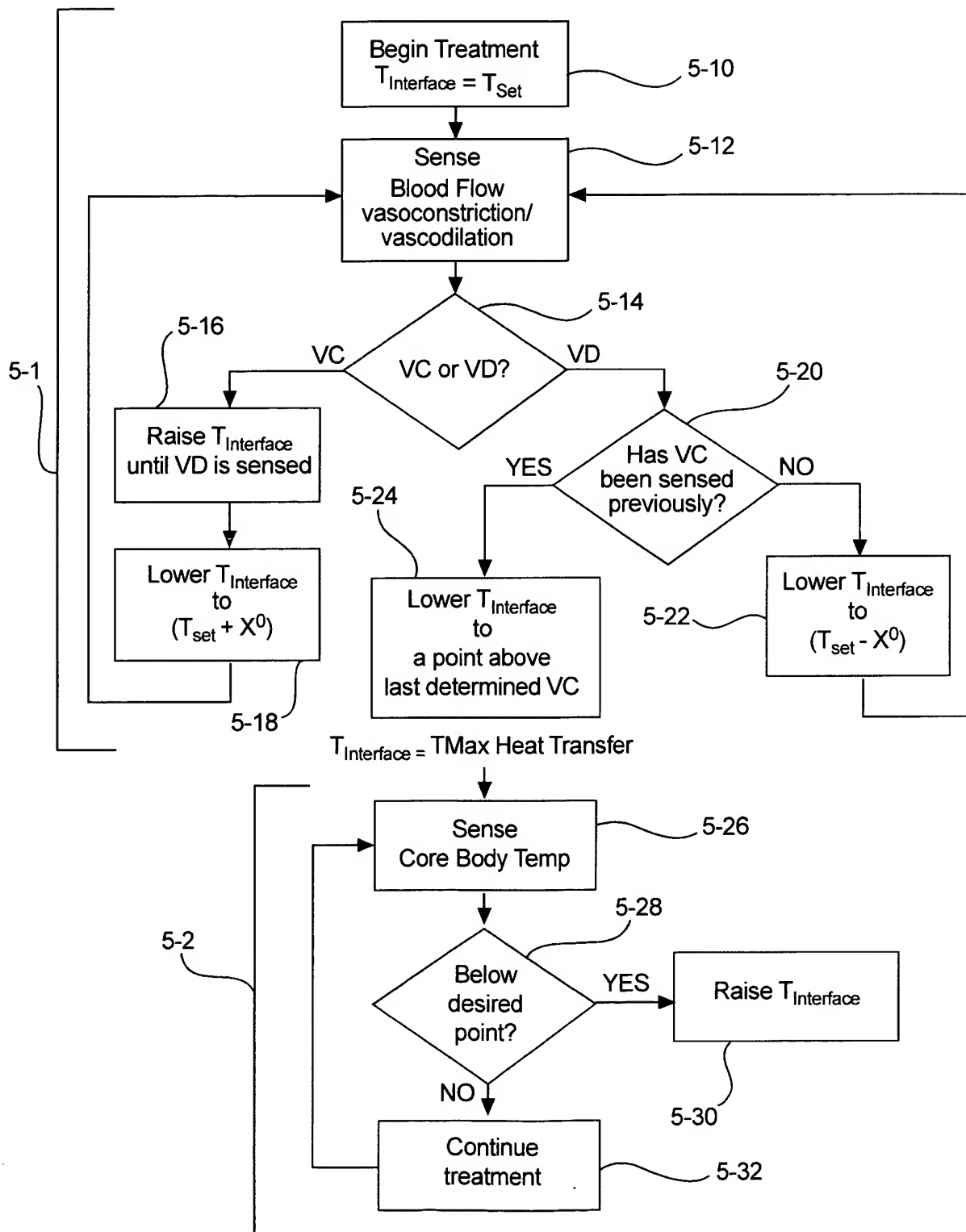
FIG. 4G  
CHEST, BACK, TORSO AND LEGS



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FIG. 5

## Control Algorithm - Cooling

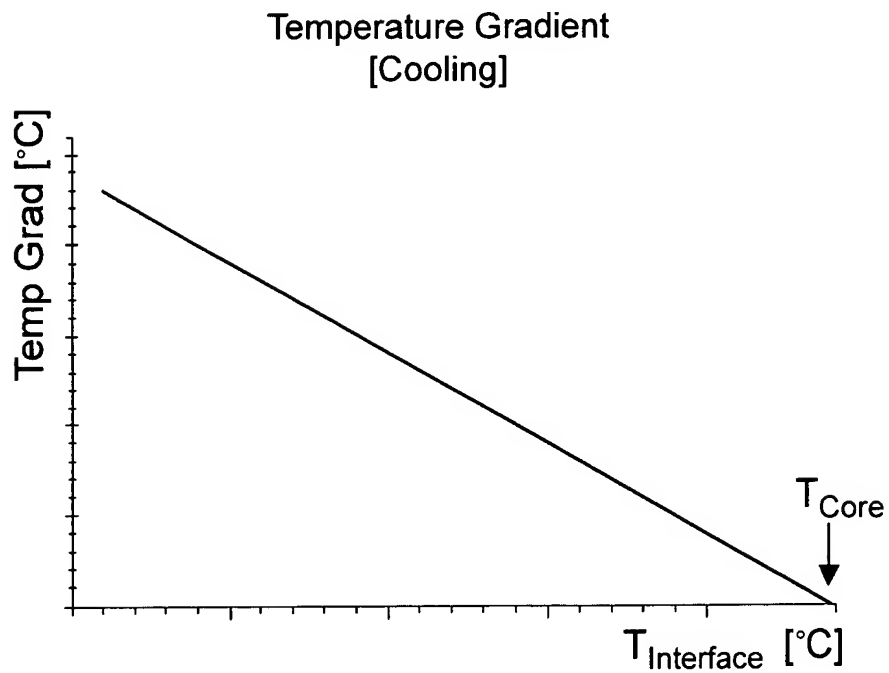




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FIG. 6

$T_{\text{Interface}}$  affects Vasoconstriction & Vasodilation



$$\Delta T = \text{Temperature Gradient} \equiv |T_{\text{Core}} - T_{\text{Interface}}|$$

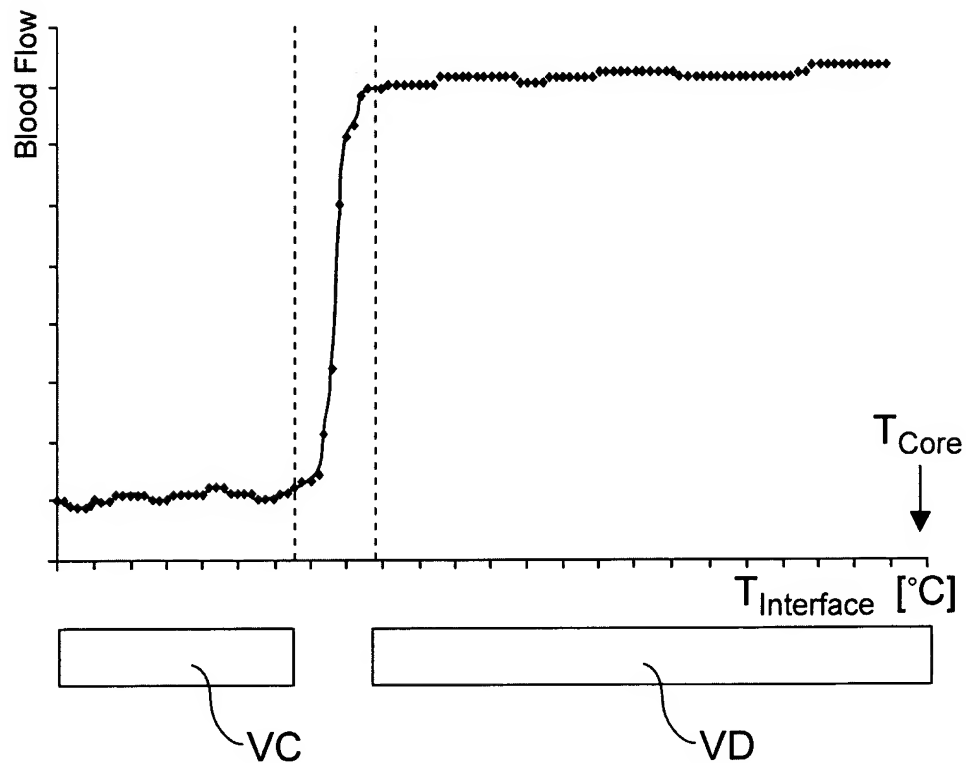
is the Driving Force in:      Heat Transfer  
   at the  
   Thermal Interface

- Cooling:       $T_{\text{Interface}} < T_{\text{Core}}$
- Warming:       $T_{\text{Interface}} > T_{\text{Core}}$

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FIG. 7

$T_{\text{Interface}}$  affects Vasoconstriction & Vasodilation  
(as measured by Blood Flow)



For each individual,

- Vasoconstriction [VC] occurs below a certain Temp range
- Vasoconstriction [VD] occurs above that Temp range

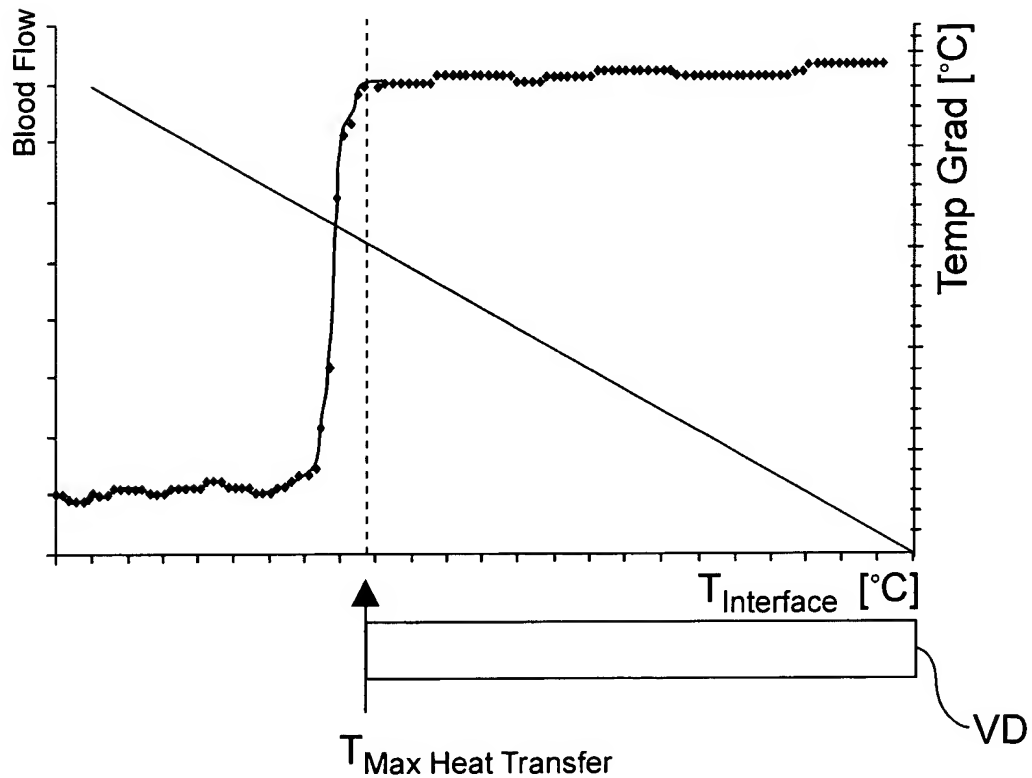
Blood Flow can be measured by:

- Laser Doppler
- Bio-Impedance
- Light Absorbption (Pulse Oximetry)

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FIG. 8

Heat Transfer =  $f$  (Temp Grad x Blood Flow)  
 Figure shows Temp Grad & Blood Flow vs.  $T_{\text{Interface}}$  superimposed



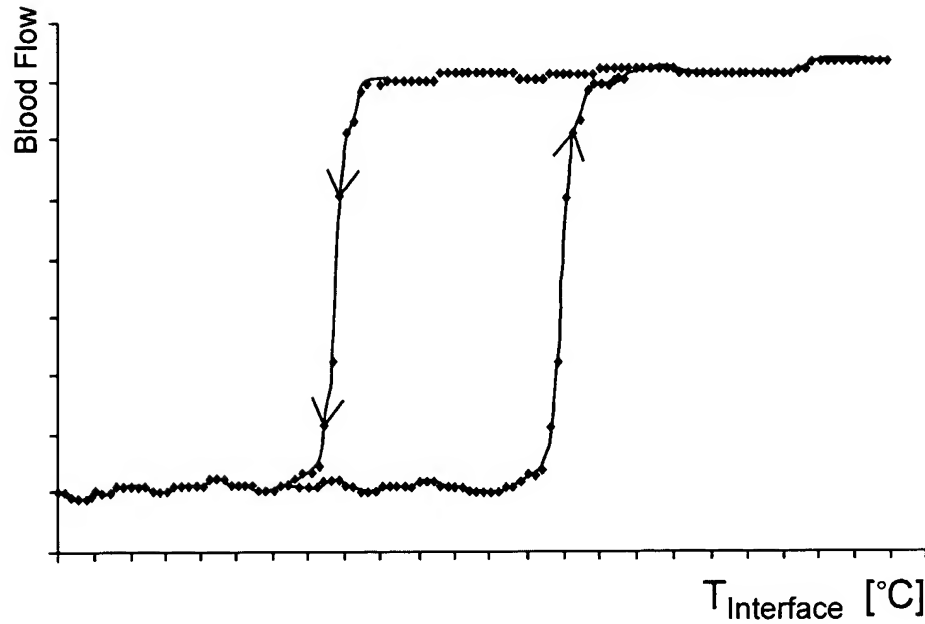
Maximum Heat Transfer  
 occurs @

The lowest  $T_{\text{Interface}}$  where  
 Vasodilation occurs

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FIG. 9

Hysteresis:



The transition between Vasoconstriction and Vasodilation is

NOT Identically Reversible...

The transition occurs at a different temperature range depending on the initial condition

Typically, the transition from:

VC  $\longrightarrow$  VD

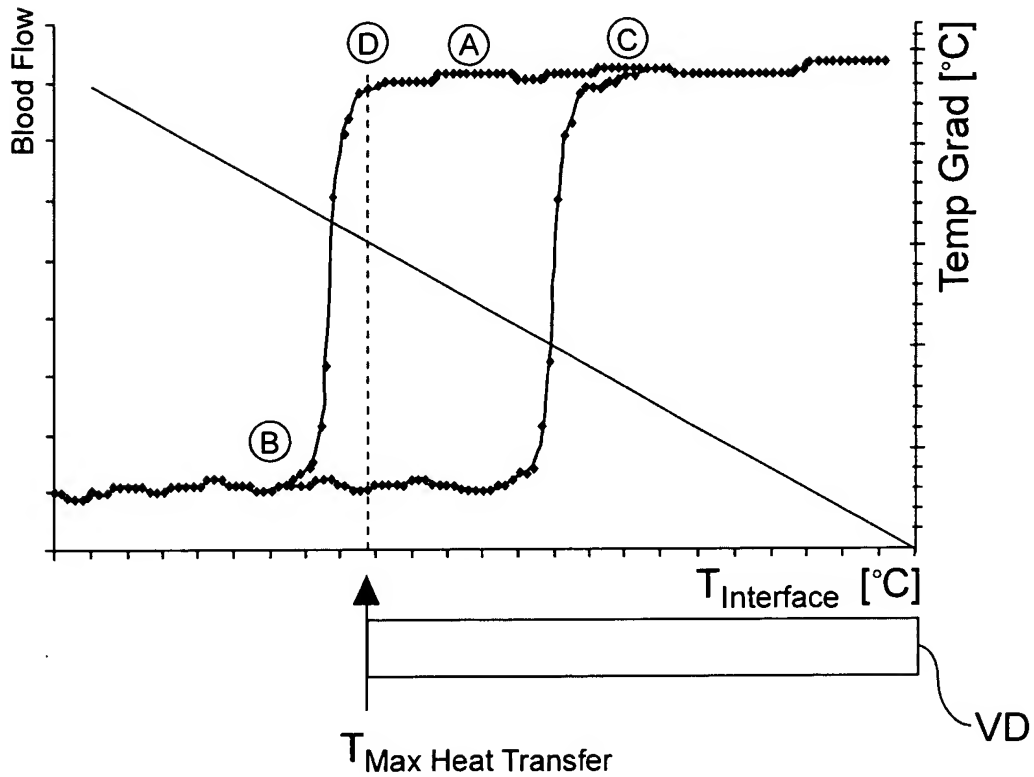
occurs at a  $T_{\text{Interface}}$  range above

VD  $\longrightarrow$  VC

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FIG. 10

If Vasodilation is initially detected



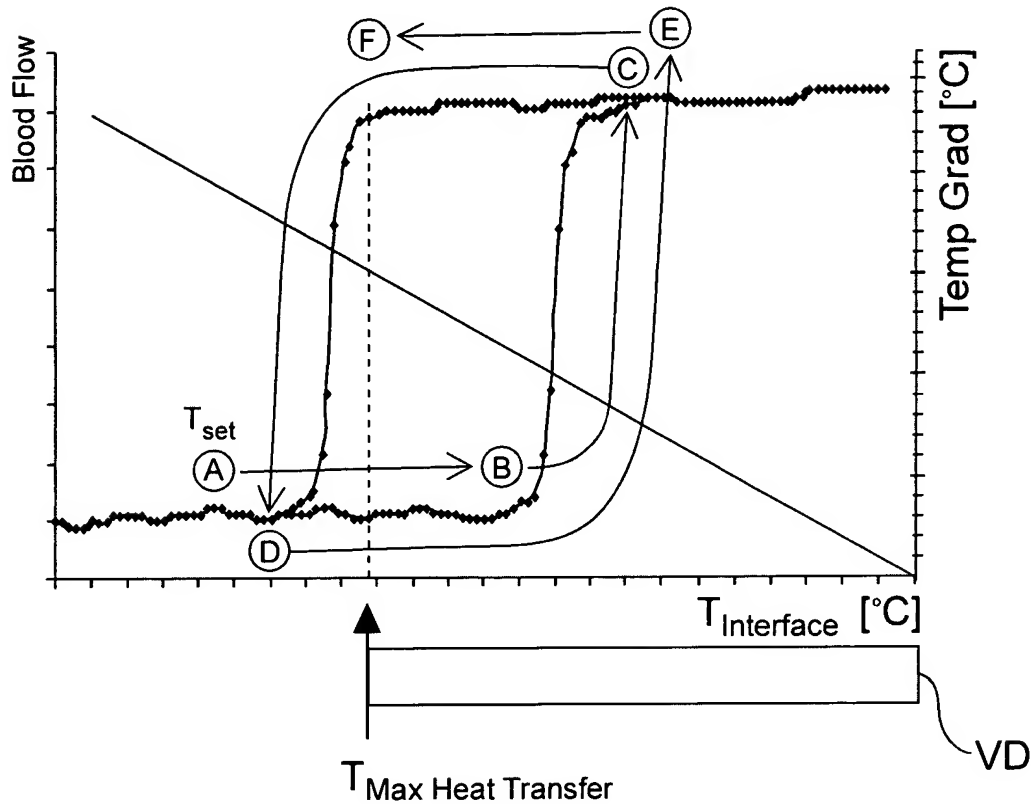
- (A) Blood Flow Sensor detects VD,  $T_{\text{Interface}} = T_{\text{set}}$
- (B) System controller decreases  $T_{\text{Interface}}$  until VC detected
- (C)  $T_{\text{Interface}}$  increases above transition temp range, VD occurs
- (D) System controller decreases  $T_{\text{Interface}}$  to  $T_{\text{Max Heat Transfer}}$

$$T_{\text{Max Heat Transfer}} < T_{\text{set}}$$

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FIG. 11

If Vasoconstriction is initially detected



- (A) Blood Flow Sensor detects VC,  $T_{\text{Interface}} = T_{\text{set}}$
- (B) System controller increases  $T_{\text{Interface}}$
- (C)  $T_{\text{Interface}}$  increases above transition temp range, VD occurs
- (D) System controller decreases  $T_{\text{Interface}}$  to  $T_{\text{Max Heat Transfer}}$

$$T_{\text{Max Heat Transfer}} > T_{\text{set}}$$